

Here are **engaging reading techniques** tailored to different **ESL proficiency levels** (A1–C1), ensuring that students stay involved and active in the reading process.

## A1 (Beginner) – Basic Readers

- \* Focus: Simple vocabulary, short sentences, and comprehension through visuals.
- **©** Techniques:

#### 1. Picture Walk & Prediction

- Before reading, show images or key words from the text.
- Have students guess what the text is about.

### 2. TPR (Total Physical Response) Reading

- Read short sentences and have students act them out.
- Example: "Anna is walking to school." Students mime walking.

#### 3. Sentence Ordering

- Cut up a short story into sentences.
- Students put them in the correct order before or after reading.

# 4. Fill in the Blanks with Visuals

• Use simple texts with missing words and picture choices for students to fill in.

## A2 (Elementary) – Expanding Readers

- ★ Focus: Short stories, simple dialogues, and key grammar patterns.
- **©** Techniques:

## 1. Running Dictation

- Post parts of the text around the classroom.
- One student reads and runs back to tell their partner, who writes it down.

## 2. Character Guessing Game

- After reading, one student **pretends to be a character** from the text.
- Others ask yes/no questions to guess who they are.



## 3. Cloze Reading with Word Bank

- Provide a paragraph with missing words.
- Students fill in blanks using a word bank.

## 4. Comic Strip Summary

• Students **draw** key events of the story in comic form.

## B1 (Intermediate) - Independent Readers

- **Focus:** Articles, short stories, and opinion-based texts.
- @ Techniques:

#### 1. Pause & Predict

• Stop reading at different points and ask, "What happens next?"

#### 2. Jigsaw Reading

- Divide a text into **sections** and assign different groups to read each part.
- Groups summarize their section to the class.

### 3. Role-Playing & Debate

- If the reading is a dialogue or argument, have students role-play it.
- They then **debate** their character's opinion.

# 4. "Two Truths & a Lie"

- Students write **two true** and **one false** statement about the text.
- Classmates guess the false one.

## B2 (Upper-Intermediate) – Analytical Readers

- **Focus:** Opinion pieces, complex articles, and literary excerpts.
- **©** Techniques:

## 1. Hot Seat (Character Interview)

- One student sits in the "hot seat" as a character from the text.
- Others **ask questions** as if they were journalists.



## 2. Speed Retelling

- Students summarize the reading in 1 minute  $\rightarrow$  30 seconds  $\rightarrow$  15 seconds.
- This improves fluency & comprehension.

### 3. Alternative Ending Writing

• Students rewrite or act out a new ending for the story.

### 4. Discussion Circles

- Divide students into roles (Summarizer, Questioner, Connector, etc.).
- Each role discusses the text from a different perspective.

# C1 (Advanced) – Critical Thinkers

- 📌 Focus: Academic articles, literary texts, and persuasive writing.
- **©** Techniques:

#### 1. Silent Discussion

- Write discussion questions on large sheets of paper.
- Students write their answers and respond to each other without speaking.

# 2. Reverse Debate

• Students must argue against their own personal opinion based on the text.

#### 3. Text to Real-World Connections

• Students connect themes from the reading to current events.

#### 4. Socratic Seminar

- Students prepare **open-ended** discussion questions.
- The class **discusses** with minimal teacher input.